





May 25-26, 2016 Ozone Exceptional Event Analysis for Connecticut using Satellite Data

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Fort McMurray Wildfire

On May 1, 2016, a wildfire began southwest of Fort McMurray, Alberta, Canada. On May 3, it swept through the community, destroying approximately 2,400 homes and buildings and forcing the largest wildfire evacuation in Albertan history. The fire spread across approximately 590,000 hectares (1,500,000 acres) before it was declared to be under control on July 5, 2016.

September 2017 Update

Notification Letter to EPA Region 1, for May 2016 Potential Exceptional Event

- o Submitted on September 28, 2016
- Originally included May 25-28 and all Connecticut monitors
- EPA Response to CT Exceptional Event Request
 - Established deadline of May 31, 2017 for submittal of final demonstration
 - Required a 30-day public comment period before final submission
- <u>Notice of Intent to Submit an Exceptional Event Demonstration to EPA and</u> <u>Opportunity for Public Comment</u>
 - For the four most critical monitors on May 25-26th
 - o Issued on April 18th, 2017 and notification sent to stakeholders
 - o Comments due by 4:30 PM on May 19, 2016
- <u>Response from EPA Region 1, May 19, 2016</u> No comments were received from the public
- <u>Technical Support Document for Exceptional Event Analysis</u> Final Submission to EPA Region 1, May 23, 2017
- <u>EPA Concurrence Letter and TSD Approving the Exceptional Event Demonstration</u> EPA Region 1, July 31, 2017

Attainment Status Affected

Table of recent design values for all Connecticut monitors. This includes the preexceptional event data exclusion requested for the four monitors. All monitors, except for Abington, are in violation of at least one NAAQS.

								Prelim
Site Name	AQS Code	DV2010	DV2011	DV2012	DV2013	DV2014	DV2015	DV2016
Greenwich	90010017	78	76	82	83	82	81	80
Danbury	90011123	81	80	83	81	78	76	78
Stratford	90013007	76	79	85	89	84	83	81
Westport	90019003	80	79	85	87	85	84	85
East Hartford	90031003	74	71	75	75	77	76	75
Cornwall (Mohawk Mt)	90050005		70	71	70	69	70	74
Middletown	90070007	77	77	80	81	81	80	79
New Haven	90090027	67	69	76	78	76	76	76
Madison	90099002	76	81	87	89	81	78	76
Groton Fort Griswold	90110124	76	76	81	84	79	75	72
Stafford	90131001	79	73	76	77	80	76	73
Abington	90159991					70	68	70
DV Violations	70 ppb NAAQS		75 ppb l	NAAQS	84 ppb NAAQS			

Attainment Status Affected

May 25-26 had the most impact on current design values

May 25-29, 2016 Ozone								
	5/25/2016	5/26/2016	5/27/2016	5/28/2016	5/29/2016			
Greenwich/O3	89	91	63	82	59			
Danbury/O3	82	99	81	81	73			
Stratford/O3	89	76	59	70	47			
Westport/O3	87	90	61	81	58			
East Hartford/O3	75	93	70	81	66			
Middletown/03	80	91	67	79	61			
Stafford/O3	74	82	70	73	56			
Cornwall/O3	81	91	78	65	69			
New Haven - Criscuolo Park/O3	63	84	65	73	54			
Groton Fort Griswold/O3	87	80	54	60	51			
Abington/O3	76	83	68	67	52			
Madison/03	89	86	56	63	48			



Attainment Status Affected

Comparison of 2016 Design Values with and without May 25 and 26, 2016 Data, and Corresponding 2017 Critical 4th High Values at the Four Sites Proposed for Exclusion. Critical 4th high is the value at which the monitor will exceed the NAAQS (in parenthesis) for the 2017 season.

Previous Values								Revised Values Excluding May 25-26, 2016		
Site Name	4th high 2014	4 h 2(lth 4th igh high 015 2016		2014- 2016 DV	2017 Critical 4 th High Value (NAAQS Standard)	4th high 2016	2014- 2016 DV	2017 Critical 4 th High Value (NAAQS Standard)	
Abington	67	,	70	74	70	69 (70)	67	68	76 (70)	
Westport	81		87	87	85	81 (84)	81	83	87 (84)	
Cornwall	68	,	76	78	74	74 (75)	74	72	78 (75)	
East Hartford	77	,	75	75	75	78 (75)	72	74	81 (75)	
Site Name To Date: Prelim 2017 DVs		2015 NAAQS 70 ppb Violations		2008 NAAQS 75 ppb Violations	1997 NAAQS 84 ppb Violations	Next Possible NAAQS in Violation (key monitors for 1997 NAAQS are highlighted in yellow)				
SWCT Portion of NYC Are	ea	1								
Westport 83		x		Х		Dne more 87+ ppb day violates 1997 NAAQS.				
Greater CT										
Cornwall 72		X				Four 78+ ppb days violate 2008 NAAQS.				
East Hartford 72 Abington 70		X			OUR 81+ ppb days violate 2008 NAAQS.					
Abington 70						ne more 76+ ppb day violates 2015 NAAQS.				

Available Tools for Analysis

- MODIS Satellite with AOD estimations;
- <u>NESDIS</u> analyzed smoke plume coverage;
- eIDEA-VIIRS Satellite Analysis
- Calipso satellite aerosol analysis;
- <u>Airnowtech Navigator</u> trajectory analysis;
- Hysplit trajectory analysis;
- NOAA Model Forecasts;
- Airnow AQI maps;



NOAA Model vs. the AQI



PROD DAY1 02HX08 0 20160519 062 CYC*



Video of Wildfire Evolution May 15-26, 2016



May 20-28 AOD Satellite Animation



Smoke Plume Animation from May 18th- May 25th



Back Trajectory Animation

Numerous Canadian Wildfires around Fort McMurray, Alberta on May 18, 2016 168 hour Back Trajectories Ending Height = 800m Westport CT Monitor

A.A, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO Image Landsat Image IBCAO © 2016 Gnode May 25, 2016 15z Google earth

Calipso LIDAR 5/22/16

532 nm Total Attenuated Backscatter, km⁻¹ sr⁻¹ UT

UTC: 2016-05-22 18:37:31.8 to 2016-05-22 18:51:00.5 Version: 3.30 Standard Daytime





Calipso LIDAR 5/23/16

532 nm Total Attenuated Backscatter, km⁻¹ sr⁻¹ UTC: 2016-05-23 17:41:56.5 to 2016-05-23 17:55:25.2 Version: 3.30 Standard Daytime



Calipso LIDAR 5/24/16

532 nm Total Attenuated Backscatter, km⁻¹ sr⁻¹

UTC: 2016-05-24 18:25:15.7 to 2016-05-24 18:38:44.4 Version: 3.30 Standard Daytime



Calipso Aerosol Cross Section May 25th



May 16-26, 2016 OMI BC Animation

Black Carbon Column Mass Density, time average hourly 0.5 x 0.625 deg. [MERRA-2 Model M2T1NXAER v5.12.4] kg m-2 2016-05-16T00:00:00



- Selected date range was 2016-05-16 00Z - 2016-05-26 23Z. Title reflects the date range of the granules that went into making this result.



VIIRS Modeled Trajectories, May 21-23

VIIRS 48-hour trajectories (initialized at 12Z 20160521, with 3-hour increment)

0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1000 925 850 775 700 AOD Trajectory pressure (mb)

2016052115



VIIRS Modeled Trajectories, May 23-25

VIIRS 48-hour trajectories (initialized at 12Z 20160523, with 3-hour increment)

0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1000 925 850 775 700 AOD Trajectory pressure (mb)

2016052315



May 24 - 25 Back Trajectories (HRRR)



May 24, 2017 Visible, AOD and CO



May 24, 2017 Smoke, AOT and PM2.5

VIIRS RGB and Derived PM2.5 20160524



May 25, 2017 Visible, AOD and CO



May 25, 2017 Smoke, AOT and PM2.5 VIIRS RGB and Derived PM2.5 20160525



May 26, 2017 Visible, AOD and CO



May 26, 2017 Smoke, AOT and PM2.5



GASP AOD Products



New Haven Ceilometer Back Scatter Aerosols

• Thick aerosol layer moves over New Haven after 6:00 am LST with mixing layer exceeding 3000 meters during the afternoon.



Recent Western North American Fires

• Images from the VIIRS Satellite on September 4, 2017.



Recent Western North American Fires

• Stunning images from the GOE-16 Satellite on September 4, 2017.

Recent Western North American Fires



Conclusion

- There is no doubt that the Fort McMurray wildfire plume directly affected ozone production in the States surrounding the Great Lakes and that ozone, as well as residual pollutants from the plume, was transported to the southeast to enhance ozone production in the northeast States beginning on May 25, 2016
- Satellite images and data was a valuable part of the exceptional events demonstration.

